User's Manual CL255 Clamp-on Tester クランプテスタ

**IM CL255** 



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## ■ Precautions for Safe Use of the Instrument

When handling the instrument, ALWAYS observe all of the cautionary notes on safety given below. Yokogawa M&C Corporation is not at all liable for damage resulting from misuse of this product by the user that is contrary to these cautionary notes.

Various symbols are used on the instrument and in this manual to ensure the product is used safety and to protect operators and property from possible hazards or damage. The following safety symbols are used where appropriate. Read the explanations carefully and familiarize yourself with the symbols before reading the text.

The instrument and this manual use the following safety symbols:

Danger! Handle with Care.



This symbol indicates that the operator must refer to an explanation in the User's Manual in order to avoid the risk of personal injury or death and/or damage to the instrument.

Double Insulation

This symbol indicates double insulation.

AC Voltage/Current

This symbol indicates AC voltage or current.

\_ DC Voltage/Current

This symbol indicates DC voltage or current.

AC/DC Voltage/Current

This symbol indicates AC/DC voltage or current.

I Ground

This symbol indicates ground (earth)



## WARNING

Indicates that there is a possibility of serious personal injury or loss of life if the operating procedure is not followed correctly and describes the precautions for avoiding such injury or loss of life.



# CAUTION

Indicates that there is a possibility of serious personal injury of damage to the instrument if the operating procedure is not followed correctly and describes the precautions for avoiding such injury or damage.

### NOTE

Draws attention to information essential for understanding the operation and features.

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## WARNING

- Never make measurement on a circuit above 750V AC or 1000V DC.
- Do not use the instrument in an atmosphere where any flammable or explosive gas is present.
- Do not attempt to make measurement in the presence of flammable gasses, fumes, vapor or dust. Otherwise, the use of the instrument may cause sparking, which can lead to an explosion.
- Avoid using the instrument if it has been exposed to rain or moisture or if your hands are wet.
- Do not exceed the maximum allowable input of any measurement range.

  Never open the bettery comportment except when making measurement.
- Never open the battery compartment cover when making measurement.
- Do not use the instrument if there is any damage to the casing or when the casing is removed.
- Do not turn the Function Selector switch with plugged in test leads connected to the circuit under test.
- Do not install substitute parts or make any modification to the instrument.
   Return the instrument to Yokogawa M&C or your distributor for repair or re-calibration.
- Always switch off the instrument before opening the battery compartment cover for battery replacement.



## WARNING

To avoid damage to the instrument or electric shock!

The restrictions on the maximum voltage level for which the CL255 testers can be used, depend on the over-voltage categories specified by the safety standards. These category specifications are formulated to protect operators against transient impulse voltage in power lines.

	Maximum All	lowable Input	
Function	OVERVOLTAGE	OVERVOLTAGE	
	CATEGORY II	CATEGORY III	
~ A. ===A	AC 2000A rms	AC 2000A rms	
,	Measuring circuit voltage :	Measuring circuit voltage :	
	AC 750V rms	AC 600V rms	
	DC 1000V	DC 600V	
~ v, ===v	AC 750V rms/DC 1000V		
Input terminal-to-ground voltage	AC 750V rms/DC 1000V	AC 600V rms/DC 600V	

Over-voltage category I (CAT.I): Signal level, special equipment or parts of equipment, telecommunication, electronic etc., with smaller transient over-voltages than CAT.II.

Over-voltage category II (CAT.II)

Local level, appliance, portable equipment etc., with smaller transient over-voltages than CAT.III.

Over-voltage category III (CAT.III):

Distribution level, fixed installation, with smaller transient over-voltages than CAT.IV.



# CAUTION

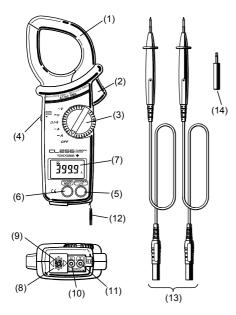
- Always make sure to insert each plug of the test leads fully into the appropriate terminal on the instrument.
- Make sure to remove the test leads from the instrument before making current measurement.
- Be sure to set the Function Selector switch to the "OFF" position after use. When the instrument will not be in use for a long period of time, Place it in
- storage after removing the battery.
  Use a damp cloth and detergent for cleaning the instrument. Do not use abrasives or solvents.

### NOTE

- Radiation immunity affects the accuracy of CL255 testers under the conditions specified in EN 61000-4-3:1997.
   If equipment generating strong electromagnetic interference is located
- nearly, the testers may malfunction.

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### 1. Instrument Layout



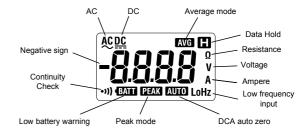
- (1) Transformer Jaws: Pick up current flowing through the conductor.
- (2) Open/Close Lever : Operates the transformer jaws. Press to open the Transformer Jaws.
- (3) Function Selector Switch: Selects function to use. Also switches off the instrument when set to "OFF" position.
- (4) Data Hold Button : Freezes the display reading. " " is shown on the display when Data Hold is enabled.
  - Note: When the plug is inserted into the output terminal, Data Hold Switch operates as range selection switch. (See section 3.4 OUTPUT Terminal)
- (5) (MORPH Mode Selector Button: Selects measuring mode. The instrument defaults to the normal mode (NOR) Then, press this switch to cycle through measuring modes. In any mode, pressing this switch for more than one second returns the instrument to the normal mode.

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- (13) Test Leads (Model 98011): Connected to Lo and Hi terminals for voltage or resistance measurement.
- (14) Output Plug (Model 98012): Plugs into the OUTPUT terminal for connection to a recording device. (See section 3.4, OUTPUT Terminal.)

~A/~V		=== A/==== V		Ω/•))	
(ACA/ACV)	Display	(DCA/DCV)	Display	(Resistance/Continuity)	Display
→Normal ↓ Average	AVG	→Normal ↓	AVG	Resistance	Ω
Peak ↓ Frequency	<b>PEAK</b> Hz	Average ↓ ∟Peak	PEAK	↓ ↓ Continuity check	•)))

- (6) (ASSEP) Button: Used for zero adjustment on DCA and resistance ranges. Also used to reset the display reading in the PEAK mode. On DCA range, "AUTO" is shown on the display when auto-zeroing is completed. (Auto-zeroing is available on 400A range only.)
- (7) LCD Display: Field effect type of liquid crystal display with maximum counts of 3999. Function symbols and decimal point are controlled by the microprocessor based on the selected function and measuring mode.



- (8) Terminal Cover: Slides over Hi and Lo Terminals to prevent access to them when OUTPUT terminal is in use.
- (9) OUTPUT Terminal (For AC or DC current range only): Provides DC voltage output in proportion to the AC or DC current reading. The output is connected to a recording device such as a chart recorder for long hour monitoring. No output is available on voltage and resistance ranges.
- (10) Lo Terminal : Accepts the black test lead for voltage or resistance measurement.
- (11) Hi Terminal: Accepts the red test lead for voltage or resistance measurement.
- (12) Safety Hand Strap : Prevents the instrument from slipping off the hand during use.

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## 2. Measurement

2.1 Preparation for Measurement



### CAUTION

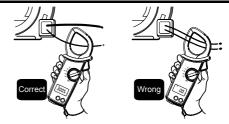
- The jaw section is a delicate, precision sensor. Do not subject the jaw to unreasonably strong shock, vibration, or force when using it.
- If dust gets into the tops of the jaws, remove it immediately. Do not close the jaws when dust is trapped in its joints as the sensor may break.
- Please check that the Function Selector switch is set to the desired position before measurement.

## 2.2 DC Current Measurement



## WARNING

- Do not make measurement on a circuit above 1000VDC. This may cause shock hazard or damage to the instrument or equipment under test.
- Do not make current measurement with the test leads connected to the Hi and Lo terminals.



- (1) Set the Function Selector switch to the "===A" position. "DC" should be shown on the upper left corner of the display.
- (2) With the transformer jaws closed and without clamping them onto the conductor, press the button for about one second to zero adjust the display. (Zero adjust feature is for 400A range only.) When zero adjustment is completed, "AUTO" appears on the display.
- (3) Press the open/close lever to open the transformer jaws and clamp them onto the conductor under test, then take the reading on the display. The most accurate reading will be obtained by keeping the conductor at the center of the transformer jaws.

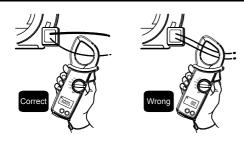
#### NOTE

- During current measurement, keep the transformer jaws fully closed. Otherwise, accurate measurement cannot be made. The maximum measurable conductor size is approx. 55mm in diameter.
- When the current flows from the upside (the display side) to the underside
  of the instrument, the polarity of the reading is positive and vice versa.
- The TAZERO button may not completely zero adjust the output voltage from the OUTPUT terminal. In this case, make zero adjustment on the recording device.
- Turing the Function Selector switch to a position other than DCA cancels the zero adjustment.

### 2.3 AC Current Measurement



- Never use the instrument on a circuit above 750VAC. This may cause electrical shock hazard and damage to the instrument or the circuit under test.
- Do not make measurement with the battery compartment cover removed.



- (1) Set the Function Selector switch to the "~A" position. "AC" should be shown on the upper left corner of the display.
- (2) Press the open/close lever to open the transformer jaws and clamp them onto a single conductor and take the reading on the display. The most accurate reading will be obtained by keeping the conductor at the center of the transformer jaws.

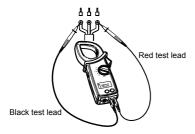
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## 2.5 AC Voltage Measurements



## 🔼 WARNING

Never use the instrument on a circuit above 750VAC. This may cause electrical shock hazard and damage to the instrument or the circuit under test.



- Set the Function Selector switch to the "~V" position. "AC" should be shown on the upper left corner of the display.
- (2) Slide the terminal cover to the left to disclose the Hi and Lo terminals. Plug the red test lead into Hi terminal and the black test lead into the Lo terminal.
- (3) Connect the tip of the red and black test leads to the circuit under test and take the reading on the display.

### NOTE

When the voltage under test measures 3% of the full scale or less, or the frequency of the voltage is low, "LoHz" is indicated on the display.

### NOTE

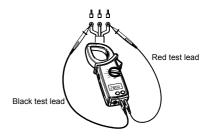
- During current measurement, keep the transformer jaws fully closed. Otherwise, accurate measurements cannot be taken. Maximum conductor size is 55mm in diameter.
- Zero adjustment is not necessary in AC current measurement. There is no polarity in the reading either.
- When the current under test measures 3% of the full scale or less, or the frequency of the current is low, "LoHz" is indicated on the display.

## 2.4 DC Voltage Measurement



### WARNING

Never use the instrument on a circuit above 1000VDC. This may cause electrical shock hazard and damage to the instrument or the circuit under test.



- (1) Set the Function Selector switch to the "=== V" position. "DC" should be shown on the upper left corner of the display.
- (2) Slide the terminal cover to the left to disclose the Hi and Lo terminals. Plug the red test lead into the Hi terminal and the black test lead into Lo terminal.
- (3) Connect the tip of the red and black test leads to the positive (+) and negative (-) sides of the circuit under test respectively. Take the reading on the display.

2.6 Resistance Measurement



## **WARNING**

Never use the instrument on an energized circuit



- Set the Function Selector switch to the " Q/•))" position. The "Ω" should be shown on the upper right corner of the display.
- (2) Slide the terminal cover to the left to disclose the Hi and Lo terminals. Plug the red test lead into the Hi terminal and the black test lead into the Lo terminal.
- (4) Connect the tip of the test leads to the circuit under test and take the reading on the display.

## 2.7 Continuity Check ( $400\Omega$ range fixed)

The continuity check mode is enabled by pressing the button on resistance range. "•))" and " $\Omega$ " is indicated on the display to show the instrument in the continuity check mode. The buzzer beeps, if the resistance under test is  $20\Omega$  or less.



## WARNING

Never use the instrument on an energized circuit.

- (1) Set the Function Selector switch to the "  $\Omega$ /•))" position.
- (2) Slide the terminal cover to the left to disclose the Hi and Lo terminals. Plug the red test lead into the Hi terminal and the black test lead into the Lo terminal.

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- (4) Press the (AVG) PEAKH2 button once to enter from the normal mode to the continuity check mode. " • )) " should be indicated on the display.
- Connect the tip of the test leads to the circuit under test. If the resistance is  $20\Omega$  or less, the buzzer beeps.

#### 2.8 Frequency Measurement

- On ACA or ACV range, the frequency of the current or voltage under test can be counted and shown on the display.
- $\bullet$  In the frequency measurement mode, "  $\ensuremath{\mathbf{Hz}}$  " is indicated on the display.
- Trigger threshold is approx. 10V for AC voltage and approx. 10A for AC current. At frequency measurement, in case of low input signal, it often happens that measurement cannot be made. Because range is fixed at 400V for AC voltage and at 400A for AC current.



# 🔼 WARNING

- Never use the instrument on a high voltage circuit above 750VAC. This may cause electrical shock hazard and damage to the instrument or the circuit under test
- Do not make current measurement with the test leads plugged into the instrument.
- (1) Set the Function Selector switch to the " $\sim$ A" or " $\sim$ V" position.
- (2) Press the  $\frac{AVGPEAK+P}{\Omega/40}$  button three times to enter from the normal mode to the frequency measurement mode. " [12] " should be indicated on the dis-
- (3) Follow instructions for ACA or ACV measurement and take the frequency reading.

When the voltage under test measures 3% of the full scale or less, or the frequency of the current or voltage is 40Hz or less. "LoHz" is indicated on the display.

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## 2.10 Average Measurement

This mode is available on ACV, DCV, ACA and DCA ranges.

- (1) Set the Function Selector switch to the "----A", "----V" or "---V" position.
- (2) Press the (AVGPEAKH) button once to enter from the normal mode to the Average mode. " AVG " should be indicated on the display.
- (3) Follow instructions for ACV, DCV, ACA or DCA measurement.
- The display shows a running average of six readings over an interval of about 2 seconds.

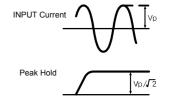
#### 2.9 Peak Measurement

- In this mode, " PEAK " is indicated on the display.
- In the PEAK mode, the display shows current or voltage's crest in effective value. (For example, when the current or voltage is sinusoidal, the reading equals the crest value divided by the square root of two.) The display reading is constantly updated with a maximum crest.
- Response time is 300ms in DC measurement and 10ms in AC measurement.



## 🔔 WARNING

- Never use the instrument on a circuit above 750VAC or 1000VDC. This may cause electrical shock hazard and damage to the instrument or the circuit under test.
- Do not make measurement with the test leads plugged into the instrument.
- (1) The PEAK mode is available on DCA, ACA, DCV and DCA ranges. Set the Function Selector switch to the "---A", "~A", "---V" or "~V"
  - Note: Only on DCA range, press the AZERO button for about one second to zero adjust the reading with the transformer jaws closed.
- (2) Press the (MIGPEAKE) button twice to enter from the normal mode to the PEAK mode. " FFAK" should be shown on the display.
- (3) Follow instructions for DCA, ACA, DCV or ACV measurement.
- (4) For accurate reading, press the (AZERO) button to reset the reading after clamping onto the conductor or making test lead connections to the circuit under test. Then proceed to measurement



#### NOTE

• In the PEAK mode, the auto-ranging feature is disabled and measuring ranges are fixed as follows.

DCA and ACA: 0 to 400.0A DCA and ACV: 0 to 400.0V

· The Sleep function is disabled in the PEAK mode as well.

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## 3. Other Functions

### 3.1 Sleep Function

This is a function to prevent the instrument from being left powered on in order to conserve battery life. This function causes the instrument to enter the Sleep (powered-down) mode about 30 minutes after the last switch or button operation

To exit the Sleep mode, turn the Function Selector switch back to "OFF", then to any other position, or press any button.

The current is consumed a little in the Sleep mode.

### NOTE

- Connecting the plug to the OUTPUT terminal disables the Sleep function. The function is enabled on removing the plug from the terminal.

  The Sleep function is disabled in the PEAK measurement mode.

## 3.2 Data Hold Function

This is a function used to freeze the measured value on the display. Press the Data Hold button to freeze the reading. The reading will be held regardless of subsequent variation in input. "  $\blacksquare$  " is shown on the upper right corner of the display while the instrument is in the Data Hold mode.

To exit the Data Hold mode, press the Data Hold button again.

If the instrument in the Data Hold mode goes into "sleep", it will return to the normal mode

## 3.3 LoHz Function

In ACV or ACA range, if frequency of the voltage or current under test is 40Hz or lower, the display indicates "LoHz" and sample rate is automatically switched from the normal 3 times/sec to 2 times/sec to reduce fluctuation of the reading.

"LoHz" is also indicated where input is 3% of full scale or less.

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### 🖺 WARNING

- Never use the instrument on a circuit above 750VAC or 1000VDC. This
  may cause electrical shock hazard and damage to the instrument or the
  circuit under test.
- Never apply voltage to the OUTPUT terminal.

When the plug is inserted into the output terminal, auto-range function is cleared.

Set the range depending on the state of Data Hold Switch.

Data Hold Switch OFF 400A range
Data Hold Switch ON 2000A range

Note: After measurement, be sure to return Data Hold switch to "OFF" position.

 Attach the output plug to a connection lead so that the output voltage can be connected to a recording device such as a chart recorder.





(2) Slide the terminal cover to the right to disclose the OUTPUT terminal and insert the output plug into the terminal. Make connection to the recording device.



(3) Set the Function Selector switch to the desired position (ACA or DCA) and follow appropriate measurement instructions.

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## 4. Battery Replacement



## 🆺 WARNING

To avoid electric shock hazard, make sure to set the Function Selector switch to "OFF" and remove the test leads from the instrument before trying to replace battery.

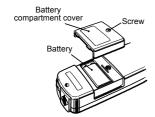


## **CAUTIOIN**

Make sure to install battery in correct polarity as indicated in battery compartment.

If the battery voltage becomes too low for the instrument to operate normally, " • • is shown on the display. Then, replace the battery. Note that when the battery is completely exhausted, the display blanks without " • • EATT " shown

- (1) Set the Function Selector switch to the "OFF" position.
- (2) Unscrew and remove the battery compartment on the bottom of the in-
- (3) Replace the battery observing correct polarity. Use a new 6LR61 (Alkaline) or 6F22 (Manganese) 9V battery.
- (4) Re-place and screw the battery compartment cover.



### NOTE

- Consult the output voltage specifications shown in chapter 5 and adjust the sensitivity of the recording device.
- e On DC current range, the (ARRY) button may not completely zero adjust the output voltage from the OUTPUT terminal. In this case, make zero adjustment on the recording device.
- Connecting the plug to the OUTPUT terminal disables the Sleep function.
   The function is enabled on removing the plug from the terminal. The instrument enters Sleep mode 30 minutes after the plug is removed.
- For long hours of use of the OUTPUT terminal, use an Alkaline battery, which will extend continuous recording time up to about 24 hours.

#### 3.5 Optional Accessories

Clamp Adapter Model 99025 (For AC current measurement only)

Clamp Adapter Model 99025 is designed to increase the measuring capability of a clamp meter. With the use of the Clamp Adapter, you can not only extend current range over 3000A, but also clamp on a large bus-bar or conductor.

- (1) Set the Function Selector switch to the "~A" position.
- (2) As shown in the figure below, clamp Model CL255 onto the pickup coil of Model 99025.
- (3) Clamp Model 99025 onto the bus-bar or conductor under test.
- (4) Take the reading on Model CL255 and multiply it by 10.



#### NOTE

For the detailed specification, refer to the Clamp Adapter User's Manual.

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## 5. Specifications

- ■Instrument Specifications
- Measuring Ranges and Accuracy (at 23±5°C, 45 to 75% relative humidity)
   DC Current ====A

Measuring Range (Auto-ranging)	Accuracy
0 to ±399.9A	11 E0/ rdc 10dat
±150 to ±2000A	±1.5% rdg ±2dgt

Auto-ranging

Lo : 0 to 399.9A (Shifts to Hi at 400.0A)

Hi : 150 to 2000A (Shifts to Lo at 149A. At 2020A or above, "OL" is shown.)

## AC Current ~A (Crest factor (CF): 3.0 or less, peak current: 3000A or less)

Measuring Range (Auto-ranging)		Accuracy	
	0 to ±399.9A	±1.5% rdg ±3dgt (50/60Hz)	
	150 to 1700A	±3.0% rdg ±4dgt (30 to 1kHz)	
	1701 to 2000A	±3.5% rda ±3dat (50/60Hz)	

Conversion method : AC coupled, true rms responding, calibrated to the rms Auto-ranging

Lo: 0 to 399.9A (Shifts to Hi at 400.0A)

Hi: 150 to 2000A (Shifts to Lo at 149A. At 2020A or above, "OL" is shown.)

## DC Voltage $\longrightarrow$ V (Input impedance: $1M\Omega$ )

Measuring Range (Auto-ranging)	Accuracy	
0 to ±39.99V		
±15.0 to ±399.9V	±1.0% rdg ±2dgt	
±150 to ±1000V		

Auto-ranging

Lo: 0 to 39.99V (Shifts to Mid at 40.00V)

Mid: 15.0 to 399.9V (Shifts to Lo at 14.9V and to Hi at 400.0V)

Hi : 150 to 1000V (Shifts to Mid at 149V. At 1020V or above, "OL" is shown.)

#### AC Voltage $\sim$ V (Input impedance: $1M\Omega$ )

(Crest factor (CF): 3.0 or less, peak voltage: 1200V or less)

	Measuring Range (Auto-ranging)	Accuracy
	0 to 39.99V	±1.5% rdg ±3dgt (50/60Hz)
ľ	15.0 to 399.9V	±2.0% rdg ±3dgt (30~1kHz)
	150 to 750V	±2.0% rug ±4ugi (30~ rkH2)

Conversion method: AC coupled, true rms responding, calibrated to the rms Auto-ranging

Lo: 0 to 39.99V (Shifts to Mid at 40.00V)

Mid: 15.0 to 399.9V (Shifts to Lo at 14.9V and to Hi at 400.0V)

Hi: 150 to 750V (Shifts to Mid at 149V. At 770V or above, "OL" is shown.)

#### Resistance $\Omega$

Measuring Range (Auto-ranging)	Accuracy
0 to 399.9Ω	±1.5% rdg ±2dgt
150 to 3999Ω	±1.5% lug ±2ugt

Auto-ranging

Lo : 0 to 399.9 $\Omega$  (Shifts to Hi at 400.0 $\Omega$ )

Hi : 150 to  $3999\Omega$  (Shifts to Lo at  $149\Omega$ . At  $4000\Omega$  or above, "OL" is shown.)

Continuity Check (2/2)) (Range fixed)

Continuity Criccit 127 m (Itali	ge fixed)
Measuring Range	Accuracy
10 to 399.9Ω	±1.5% rdg ±2dgt

The buzzer beeps when the resistance is  $20\Omega$  or less

#### Frequency

Measuring Range	Accuracy	
10 to 3999Hz	±1.5% rdg ±5dgt	

OUTPUT (Output impedance: about  $10k\Omega$ )

Measuring Range		Output voltage (mVDC)	Accuracy	
DC	0 to ±399.9A	0 to ±399.9mV	14 F0/ ada 12m)/	
ВС	±150 to ±2000A	±15.0 to ±200.0mV	±1.5% rdg ±3mV	
	0 to 399.9A	0 to 399.9mV	±1.5%rdg±3mV (50/60Hz)	
AC	150 to 1700A	15.0 to 170.0mV	±3.0%rdg±3mV (40~1kHz)	
	1701 to 2000A	170.1 to 200.0mV	±3.5%rdg±3mV (50/60Hz)	

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- Response Time : Approx. 2 seconds.
- Sample Rate: Approx. 3 times per second.
- Temperature and Humidity for Guaranteed Accuracy : 23°C ±5°C, relative humidity up to 75% without condensation
- Operating Temperature and Humidity: 0 to 40°C, relative humidity up to 85% without condensation
- Storage Temperature and Humidity: -20 to 60°C, relative humidity up to 85% without condensation
- Effect of conductor position: Within ±1.5%rdg ±3dgt of indicated value at the center to a 10 mm-dia conductor carrying 100A, at every part inside the jaws
- Effect of external magnetic field: 4A or less in AC or DC magnetic field of
- Power Source : 6LR61 or 6F22 9V battery
- Battery Life: Approx. 15 hours (continuity)
- Current Consumption : Approx. 15mA max.
- Sleep function: Automatically powered down in Approx. 30 minutes after the last switch operation (power consumption : Approx. 200 µA)
- Withstanding Voltage: 5500V AC, 50/60Hz for 1 minute between electrical circuit and housing case or metal part of the jaws
- Insulation Resistance :  $10M\Omega$  or greater at 1000V between electrical circuit and housing case or metal part of the jaws
- Conductor Size : Approx. 55mm diameter max.
- Dimensions: Approx. 105(W) x 250(H) x 49(D) mm
- Weight: Approx. 540g (with battery) Safety Standard: EN 61010-1

EN 61010-2-031

EN 61010-2-032

AC/DC 600V CAT III. AC/DC 1000V CAT II.

Pollution degree 2, indoor use

EMC Standard: EN 61326

EN 55022

Accessories : Test leads Model 98011----- 1set

6F22 battery ----- 1

Carrying case Model 93034 ····· 1

Output Plug Model 98012 ·········· 1 User's Manual · · · · · · 1

Optional Accessories: Clamp adapter Model 99025

\*Effective Value (rms)

Most alternating currents and voltages are expressed in effective values, which are also referred to as RMS (Root-Mean-Square) values.

The effective value is the square root of the average of square of alternating current or voltage values.

Many clamp meters using a conventional rectifying circuit have "RMS" scales for AC measurement. The scales are, however, actually calibrated in terms of the effective value of a sine wave though the clamp meter is responding to the average value. The calibration is done with a conversion factor of 1.111 for sine wave, which is found by dividing the effective value by the average value. These instruments are therefore in error if the input voltage or current has some other shape than sine wave.

Waveform	Effective value V rms	Average value V avg	Conversion factor V rms/V avg	Reading errors for average sensing instruments	Crest factor CF
A 0	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} A$ $= 0.707$	$\frac{2}{\pi}$ A $\Rightarrow$ 0.637	$\frac{\pi}{2\sqrt{2}}$ $= 1.111$	0%	√2 ≒1.414
A- 0	А	А	1	A×1.111—A A ⇒11.1%	1
A 0	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$ A	0.5A	$\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}$ $= 1.155$	$ \frac{0.54 \times 1.111}{\sqrt{3}} = -3.8\% $	√3 ≒1.732
A—————————————————————————————————————	A√D	$A \frac{f}{T}$ $= A \cdot D$	$\frac{A\sqrt{D}}{AD} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{D}}$	(1.11√D−1) ×100%	$\frac{A}{\sqrt{AD}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{D}}$

\*CF(Crest Factor) is found by dividing the peak value by the effective value Examples

DC: CF=1

Sine wave: CF=1.414

Square wave with a 1:10 duty ratio: CF=3

## General Specifications

- Operating System : Dual integration
- · Measurement Function : AC current, DC current, AC voltage, DC voltage, resistance, continuity check, frequency
- Display: Liquid crystal display with maximum counts of 3999
- Overrange Indication: "OL" is shown on the display

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## 6. Calibration and After-sales Service

Should any failure occur while you are using the tester, follow the instructions given below. If the tester still fails to operate correctly and needs repair, contact the vendor from whom you purchased the instrument or the nearest Yokogawa M&C sales office.

- Turn off the POWER switch once, then turn it back on again.
- If the tester does not turn on, replace the battery with a new one.

It is recommended that the instrument be calibrated once every year.